

Immunisation Service

Vaccines protect us, our children and our communities.

The NHS offers the:

- flu nasal spray or injection from age four
- Human Papilloma Virus (HPV) cancer prevention vaccine from age 12
- teenage booster and meningitis vaccines from age 13, to protect against diphtheria, tetanus, polio and four strains of meningitis
- MMR (measles, mumps, rubella) catch-up vaccination for all children aged four to 19.

We need your consent, don't forget!

You will get a letter from your child's school. Follow the link to our online form to tell us if your child is having the vaccine.

Visit family.kentcht.nhs.uk/imms



Flu vaccination

Children can catch and spread flu easily. It can be very unpleasant for them and can lead to bronchitis or pneumonia. Vaccinating protects them and others who are vulnerable to flu, such as babies and older people.

The vaccine is given as a quick, painless, nasal spray. It's safe and effective. An alternative vaccination via injection is also available.

Human Papilloma Virus (HPV)

Some types of HPV cause infections that increase the risk of certain cancers, including cervical and anal cancers and pre-cancerous cell changes. This vaccine will protect your child against that risk.

Find out more about protecting your child at family.kentcht.nhs.uk/imms



Meningitis

Meningitis and septicaemia can lead to life-changing disabilities, such as amputations or hearing loss. Teenagers and young adults are at higher risk of infection because they're mixing with lots of new people.

Diphtheria, tetanus and polio (Td/IPV)

The Td/IPV vaccine, sometimes known as the teenage booster or three-in-one, protects against three separate diseases – tetanus, diphtheria and polio.

MMR

The MMR vaccine is a safe and effective combined vaccine. It protects against three serious illnesses – measles, mumps and rubella.

